Exploring Stigma Among Lung Cancer Survivors: A Scoping Literature Review

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Lung cancer is the second leading cause of cancer among adults, accounting for 27% of all cancer deaths in the United States (American Cancer Society [ACS], 2018; American Lung Association [ALA], 2018). Because of advances in screening practices, early detection, and improved treatments, lung cancer survival rates continue to slowly improve (ACS, 2018; de Moor et al., 2013). In 2018, the one- and five-year survival rates for lung cancer were 50% and 18%, respectively, up from 37% and 15% in 2013 (ACS, 2018; ALA, 2018).

The Institute of Medicine (2013) reported that 14 million cancer survivors lived in the United States in 2012 and estimated that number to increase to 18 million by 2022. Survivorship is defined as the time from diagnosis to the end of life; the increasing number of cancer survivors, including lung cancer survivors, warrants examination of the challenges these survivors face, particularly stigma in the lung cancer population.

Stigma is “an undesirable stereotype leading people to reduce the bearer from a whole and usual person to a tainted, discounted one” (Goffman, 1986, p. 3). Health-related stigma is the perception of possessing a trait that produces an unfavorable health outcome. For lung cancer, the health-related stigma is a perception that individuals diagnosed with lung cancer must be tobacco users, because tobacco use is the leading cause of lung cancer (Cataldo, Slaughter, Jahan, Pongquan, & Hwang, 2011). Cigarette smoking is viewed as a poor life choice, and individuals who make this choice are perceived as being responsible for their lung cancer diagnosis (Cataldo et al., 2011; Lehto, 2014). This perception stems from the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (1964) report that heightened public awareness of the effects of tobacco use and its link to chronic illnesses. Subsequent reports have validated that groundbreaking finding and revealed more concerns regarding...